THE SUMTER WATCHMAN, Established April, 1850.

'Be Just and Fear not-Let all the ends Thou Aims't at be thy Country's, Thy God's and Truth's."

THE TRUE SOUTHRON, Established June, 1866

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All communications which sub-

MASONS TO ATTACK CHURCH.

ert Anti-clerical Movement in Italy, Grand Master Issuing a Most Vigorous aMnifesto

Rome, Oct. 17 .- All indications point to the fact that the extremists in Italy re determined to underake an anti-clerical campaign more vigorous even than that in France. This is being directed by the Free Masons, whose grand master has issued a most vigorous manifesto in behalf of Ferrer and against the church. An international subscription has been opened for the purpose of collecting funds to establish in the plaza of St. Peter's, facing the vatican, Ferrer's modera school, which was suppressed in

DR. JAMES H, CARLISLE ILL.

Churco Grave Anxiety.

Spartanburg, Oct. 15,-Dr. James E. Caritale is ill at his home on Worford campus and his condition has sed much anxiety among his fum-

ht, however, shows improvement.

ANARCHISTS EXCITE MOBS

Red Fing Raised in London-

London, Oct. 17.—The red flag was raised in London this afternoon and a large mob moved upon 'he Spanish embassy to make a demonstration of its disapproval of the execution of Prof. Francisco Ferrer, the convicted revolutionist at Barcelona, a few days

Several bodies of police drove off considerable excitement and uncasiper pervaded that neighborhood. The grouns and hootings were painly heard in the embassy and at Buckingham palace nearby.

began with a mass The trouble meeting in Trafalgar Square, which was organized by several Socialist and labor bodies

A black bordered banner was raised against the Nelson column with big letters that could be read from afar. "To hell with the murderer Alfonso."

Vivtor Grayson of Manchester, the Socialist member, capped the climax of the speeches by declaring that if the head of every king of Europe was torn from his body it would not pay half the price of Ferrer's life. He called the Russian emperor "a dirty monster," and said that King Edward, who could have prevented the execution, was responsible for whatever might happen in England as a result of it. He demanded the expulsion of the Spanish ambassador.

WANT POLE DISPUTE ENDED.

University of Copenhagen Asked to

Renounce Its Claim on Cook. Washington, Oct. 15 .- The University of Copenhagen was today requested by the National Geographic Society to renounce its first claim to an examination of Dr. Cook's observations made during his search for the Pole.

The request was made because of the failure of the society in conjunction with the American Geographical Society and the American Museum of Natural History to have Ira Remsen, president of the National Academy of Sciences, immediately to name a committee of eminent American scientists to pass upon the validity of the evidence submitted by Dr. Cook and Commander Peary.

Dr. Remsen had indicated his willingness to act only after he had been requested to do so by both explorers,

DEATH DEALING STORM.

THIRTY-SEVEN KNOWN DEAD IN CENTRAL SOUTH.

Damage of \$150,000 Reported From Atlanta and Cartersville, Ga., With Severe Loss at Other Points in Track of Disturbance.

Memphis, Tenn, Oct. 15 .-- With the known death list already reaching a total of 37 human lives and with 13 others reported dead, with scores seriously injured and many others painfully bruised, and with the property damage running to a million or more dollars, the toll of the havoc and destruction of the storm which swept middle and west Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia and portions of Arkansas and South Carolina late yesterday afternoon and last night grows hourly as reports are received from remote districts and as wire communication is gradually restored to a normal condi-

The storm of last night was the worst that has visited this section of the South in years, being intense in its destroying fury and widespread in its area. Whole sections of counties were laid in waste, towns destroyed and plantations greatly damaged.

Apparently the atorm broke in all its fury over middle and west Tennessee and proceeded in a southeasterly direction across the State into Alabama and Georgia, assuming the proportions of a hurricane.

It came practically without warning quiry. and in some places the wind attained a velocity of 90 miles an hour. While only one death occurred at Denmark Tenn., the horrors of the storm were greatly heightened by the fire which followed the wrecking of that town. The flerce flames rapidly consumed what few dwellings and store houses that were left standing and tonight a scene of utter desolation is presented. Two hundred people were rendered He has been in feeble and declining homeless and have appealed to neighthe and extra ex- boring towns and citis for immediate this is not a situation in whi

> damage come from McNairy county. Homes and stores were leveled to the ground and great trees uprooted.

Many handsome and imposing State monuments in the Shiloh National park were torn from their pedestals and the superintendent's ledge and other buildings were destroyed. The property damage in this section is estimated at \$100,000.

Wire communication with Stantonville, where 13 lives are reported lost, has not yet been reestablished.

At Russellville, Ala., 27 people were seriously, several fatally, injured.

A property damage of at least \$50,the crowd. While no blood was shed, 000 is estimated at Cartersville, Ga., while at Atlanta will run between \$80,000 and \$100,000. One life was lost at the former place.

Rome, Ga., Gadsden, Ala., Huntsville, Ala., Decatur, Ala., and other smaller towns in the path of the storm report heavy property damage.

quirers.

MCCARREN AT DEATH'S BOOR.

Condition of the Brooklyn Democratic Leader Very Grave.

New York, Oct. 15 .- State Senator Patrick H. McCarren, the Democratic leader of Brooklyn, is lying between life and death tonight in St. Catherine's Hospital, in Brooklyn, with his physicians hoping for the best, but prepared for the worst.

Just after noon today he took a turn for the worse, so alarming that he expressed a desire to make his will. Tonight a Catholic priest was called in and administered the last rites. It is believed if the senator survivies the night with any show of vitality, he will have a fighting chance for recovery.

WANTED TO KILL TAFT.

Aged Prospector at Albuquerque Arrested by Police.

Oct. 15 .- Shouting Albuquerque. where is Taft? I want to kill him," Thomas Thorp, an aged prospector, approached Policeman Guevra today a few minutes after President Taft and party had reached Albuquerque. Thorp was arrested. He had acted queerly during the day, and at noon asked Chief of Police McMillan a number of questions which led the chief to have him watched.

In the common pleas court a verdiet has been returned for the plaintiff in the sum of \$800 for alleged damages in the case of Mrs. Anna Mc-Lees and George McLees vs. the City and had received authority by the of Anderson. Suit was instituted for council of the National Academy of damages of \$5,000 alleged to have Sciences at its meeting about Novem- been sustained when a buggy of Mrs. ber 20. Up to the present tim : Dr. McLees ran into a hole on west MarDR. COOK AND THE PUBLIC.

A Suggestion That the Explorer Might Convince Before Further Exploit-

There are two circumstances that make the present a timely moment for taking a look at the situation presented by Dr. Cook's relation to the public, as it has developed in the past six weeks. We refer, on the one hand, to the fact that the board of aldermen of the city of New York are this week to confer on the explorer the freedom of the city, and, on activity than has been seen for some the other, to the statement just made, time. Also exports have been very on the part of Dr. Cook, that it will be large this season, being more than three months before he has his data ready for submission to the University of Copenhagen. The conjuncture is signaficant. For, though the board of aldermen is not a body the spires reverence or awe in the minds of the people here at home, the conferring of the freedom of the great city of America upon Dr. Cook will be telegraphed to every country in the civilized world, and will, doubtless, be generally looked upon as evidence that, after weeks of discussion and inquiry, American opinion has settled into acceptance of the doctor's claim: while, on the other hand, so far as proof of the claim is concerned, we are not only no farther advanced than we were at the beginning, but are calmly informed that three more months are to pass before even a beginning can be made of a real in-

Now, this might be allowed, perhaps, to pass without comment, were it not for the fact that Dr. Cook has been utilizing this period of suspended judgment on the part of competent critics to transmute into very handsome profits the uncritical enthusiasm of the multitude, and that there 's no indication that he means to do otherwise with any additional time that may be gained by further would be willing to place himself goes been exaggerated. Spot sales in Livwithout saying; but the public, and erpool have on the whole decreased. perhaps, no concern with the question of Dr. Cook's standards of propriety in such a matter. What they do have a concern with is the possibility that the public is being exploited—that is being led into delivering both honors and dollars without due warrant. And the time seems plainly to have come in the case, a protest should be made against a further continuance of it on its present footing. Dr. Cook has finished the publication of his serial newspaper story; he has given a number of lectures in various parts of the country, at high admission prices, to great audiences; now let him address himself to the task of establishing his case to the satisfaction of competent and impartial in-

And by this we mean not only that

he devote himself to the work of preparing his data for the University of Copenhagen, but also that, by the appropriation of a fraction of the time he has been giving so lavishly to his profitable newspaper story and lecture tours, he prepare a brief statement, in plain, businesslike language, covering the main points connected with his journey. What these main points are might be left to some committee of geographers or scientists to determine. One point, for instance, that obviously requires explanation is the question of how he determined his longitude. It is somewhat curious that he should have given determinations of longitude at all when he was within a few degrees of the Pole. Anything even approaching an accurate determination of it is there very difficult and would involve more time than a man with Cook's task before him could possibly be supposed to give; and yet he keeps on giving it to the minute. Even on the day before reaching the Pole, with his latitude 89 degrees 45.5 minutes, he tells us "the observation" gave his longitude as 94 degrees 52 minutes. The absurdity of attempting to get his longitude by an observation when only fifteen miles away from the Pole such that, if we were to judge the whole story by this single fact, he would have to be put down as either an absolute ignoramus or an impostor. This point, and every other reasonable one, Dr. Cook ought to welcome an immediate opportunity of clearing up by a simple, straightforward statement.

It is not with any view to pro-Cook has not acted upon the sugges- ket street, throwing her out against excitement is bearing the people sible moment.—New York Evening Marion Trust Company of Marion. along, and it is necesasry to bring at- Post.

COTTON PRICES SOARING.

BULL SIDE STILL POPULAR WITH SPECULATORS.

Reports of Damaging Weather and Increase in Activity of Cotton Goods Market Were Factors.

New York, Oct. 15 .- Prices of cotton have advanced under the stimulation of a big and broadening speculation. Killing frosts in half a dozen States have whipped it into greater half of the quantity brought into sight, counting the quantity on shipboard, and Northern spinners who have hitherto been for the most part doubting Thomases on the subject of a crop and impending big prices have, according to many reports, been more anxious of late to buy. Temperatures as low as 28 to 30 degrees have been officially reported in the big Memphis district and in Alabama there have been copious rains on top of frost. Bulls think such conditions have put the quietus on growth. James A. Patten, Frank B. Hayne, Eugene Scales and Wm. P. Brown, with various outside intersts, including people in the tobacco and metal trades and a Waldorf-Astoria group, have been buying. Many Chicago operators have recently neglected wheat for cotton. Some reports are to the effect that ginneries are already closing for lack of cotton. Spot markets have been advancing under the stimulus of a cloths have advanced 1-8 of a cent to three. and some other cotton fabrics have also risen. Yarn quotations at Boston and Philadelphia have been higher. It is true, on the other hand, that the receipts at the ports continue heavy. There is a powerful incentive to market cotton rapidly with prices troit safely throughout the entire of a delicate sense of personal honor South say that damage by frost has Detroit get more than one safety. the organs of public opinion, have, Bears insist that consumption will be greatly reduced by existing prices and that the crop is being underestimated and speculation unwisely stimulated. The New York stock is steadily gaining. The short interest here has been largely reduced of late and it is believed that certain operators who have vigorously attacked the market from time to time during the last few months are only waiting an opportunity to repeat their tactics of the past, which for a time at least were successful in bringing about sharp downward reactions. Heavy realizing of profits has taken place, the South is selling heavily as a hedge against actual cotton, Liverpool is selling freely to undo straddles, and as already intimated, some important interests are opposed to an advance, to say nothing of the generality of spinners. But the South is evidently in funds and independent. It has already marketed about 3,500,000 bales of cotton, it is computed, and probably got something like \$200,000,000 for it. Three years ago the cotton crop of the South sold for \$716,000,000, and although the present yield is believed by many to be small, prices have risen to such a point that it need occasion little surprise if the yield should sell for well over \$700,000,000 this year. The bull

side in cotton is still the popular one. From statements made by the man agement of the various mills in Gaffney, there will be no curtailment of the output in any of them. While they are not getting rich with cotton at 13 1-4 cens per pound, they are certainly making enough to justify them in putting in full time, and this will be their policy unless matters get very much worse than they are at this

tention back to the main fact. That fact is that Dr. Cook has done nothing to remove the substantial derbts that have all along existed as to his achievement. Of many specific circumstances that were pointed to as suspicious, he has, as we have before mentioned, successfully disposed; but he has thus far steadily placed himself in the attitude of one who is unwilling to meet legitimate and competent cirticism by prompt and adequate statement. If he or his champions reply that Peary likewise has not yet made his report, the answer is obvious that Peary's claim to having reached the Pole has not been nouncing on the whole question that questioned in any quarter worth conwe bring forward this aspect of the sidering, while Cook's is most sericommon sense. The truth will doubt- the world except Denmark. It is his suggestions they wish to offer. less be established in the coure of urgent duty to remove as much as he time; but in the meanwhile a wave of can of this doubt at the earliest pos-

THE LATEST COTTON PICKER.

Price Machine's Demonstration in Marlboro Apparently Successful-Many Witness Experiments.

Bennettsville, Oct. 16 .- The demonstration of the Price-Campbell cotton picker near here today was pronounced a success. The party of Northern men interested was increased in number this morning and the machine was operated in their presence and it picked a bale of cotton in about 60 minutes.

The cotton was ginned at once and showed up about as well as that ordinarily picked by hand. The exhibition was not strictly a public one as the purpose was to demonstrate to those who would likely become interested financially. Mr. Theodore Price and Mr. Angus Campbell have been here several days, and it is understood that the other members of the party of 30 are here upon the invitation of Price.

Mr. Price and abbut 15 of his friends are at Hotel McColl and will remain here until Monday.

PITTSBURG WINS PENNANT.

Captures World's Championship from Detroit Team.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 16 .- Pittsburg won the world's baseball championship at Bennett park by defeating Detroit by the overwhelming score of 8 to 0 in the seventh and decisive game of one of the greatest battles ever fought for the world's title. This gives the National League champions the better demand. At Fall River print victory by the count of four games

To Charles Adams, the phenomenal young pitcher from the Louisville Americian association team, belongs the lion's share of the credit for the victory. Today's victory was his third with Mr. Barrill in the real estate busvictory of the series and he held Depostponement of a decisive test. That over \$20 a bale higher than they were game. He allowed but six hits and year ago. Some advices from the in only one inning—the fourth—did such an affidavit and informed the Adams allowed only one base on balls and in four innings he retired the hard-hitting American leaguers in one-two-three order.

> The crowd was a distinct disappointment, as there were only 17,562 paid admissions. The receipts were

> The total paid admissions for the series were 145,444, total receipts \$188,832.70.

COOK ALMOST CORNERED.

Four Affidavits Corroborating Barrill's Accusations Made Public.

New York. Oct. 16 .- Four more afffidavits were made public here today in connection with the investigation of Dr. Frederick A. Cook's expedition to Mount McKinley. Three of them are by members of the Cook party-Fred Printz, a guide; Walter F. Miller, photographer, and Samuel Beecher. Their testimony relates in detail the movements of the party, explaining that Cook and Barrill were alone together during the period in which Dr. Cook claims to have reached the summit of Mount McKinley. three say that Barrill assured them

later that Dr. Cook's story was false. The fourth affidavit is that of Dr. John E. Shore, a physician of Leavenworth, Wash., who tells of a conversation with Oscar F. Blankenship of the United States forestry service in which Blankenship said that Dr. Cook's claims to have climbed Mount McKinley were false inasmuch as the feat was impossible in the short time which Cook and Barrill were absent. Blankenship was located near Mount McKinley at the time Cook's expedition was there.

New York, Oct. 16 .- Having failed in his effort to get Prof. Herschal C. Parker and Anthony Fiala to conduct an expedition to ascend Mount Mc-Kinley, Dr. Frederick A. Cook announced here tonight that he would abandon his tour as soon as possible and himself lead an expedition to ascend the mountain to obtain if possible the records which he says he left there in 1906.

Committee on Horse Show.

the 19th, at 5 o'clock in Mr. L. I. case. It is simply in the interest of ously questioned in every country in work in this connection or who have here, but he would not discuss the

The capital stock is \$50,000.

DENIES BARRILL'S CHARGES.

DR. COOK WILL SEND FOR REC-ORDS LEFT ON MOUNT Me-KINLEY.

Says Accuser Was Bought-Explorer Declares Affiant Was Offered Strong Inducements to Make Statements About Climb.

New York, Oct. 15.-Dr. Frederick A. Cook announced tonight that he had organized an expedition to ascend Mount McKinley and procure the records which he says were left there on his former ascent. This step will be taken to refute the charges that he did not attain the summit of the mountain as set forth in the affidavit of Edward N. Barrill, the guide who accompanied him.

In a statement to the Associated Press tonight Dr. Cook said: "Upon my return from Atlantic City

today I conferred with a confidential agent whom I had sent to Montana to investigate stories which had reached me in Kansas City to the effect that strong inducements had been offered Edward N. Barrill, the guide who accompanied me to the summit of Mount McKinley in the summer of 1906. This confidential agent returned from Montana this morning and for good reasons I do not care at the present time to make his name public. After thorough investigation there he reports to me that an offer of a considerable sum of money was made to Mr. Earrill on the condition that he prepare and sign an affidavit which would be calculated to discredit my claim that I succeeded in sealing the Alaskan peak. This offer, so my representative informs me, was made to Mr. Barrill in the presence of C. G. Bridgeford, a. reputable citizen of Hamilton, Mont., who is associated iness, Barrill at that time, according to the statement of Mr. Pridgeford to my representative, declinmen who had requested him to swear that I did not reach the top of Monn McKinley that to make such an davit he would have to 'commit perjury and sell his own soul."

"Within the next 48 hours, however, affidavits made by prominent citizens of Hamilton, Mont., will behanded over to the Associated Press and will be to the effect that during the last three years Barrill has continuously repeated the Mount McKinley story and has at all times insisted that we succeeded in reaching the summit of the mountain. No one has been found in Hamilton who can testify that at any time he has ever heard Barrill tell the story as it is related by him in his sworn affidavit.

"I have today received numerous telegrams from reputable citizens of Montana who have talked with Barrill and are willing to make affidavit as to his former version of the Mount McKinley trip.

"I have tonight forwarded a telegram to Anthany Fiala, asking him to head an expedition to Mount Mc-Kinley to bring back my records. Another telegram has been sent to Prof. Herchell C. Parker, of Columbia university, who accompanied me in the early stages of my last Monut McKinley expedition, asking him to join Fiala on this expedition. The preliminary arrangements for the trip will bemade at once and the expedition will start as soon as the weather permits next year.

"Mr. Fiala and Prof. Parker no doubt will invite a number of expert mountain climbers to accompany them on the expedition. The result of their efforts will set at rest forever any doubt that may exist as to whether Barrill and myself reached the topmost summit and deposited there records as described in my book, 'To the Top of the Continent."

MAGOON TO SUCCEED CRANE?

Ex-Governor's Arrival in Washington Gives Rise to Rumors Regarding. Post in Peking.

Washington, Oct. 17 .- The unexpected arrival here today of Wm. E. Magoon, former provisional governor of Cuba and at that time President Taft's first lieutenant in the island, promptly give ris to the rumor that A meeting of all the committees on he had been summoned in connecarrangements for the Horse Show has tion with the new vacancy in the dipbeen called for Tuesday afternoon, lomatic post in Peking from which Charles E. Crane was virtually re-Parrott's office in the Court House. It moved before he had time to proceed is hoped that not only those who to the Chinese capital. Mr. Magoon have had work assigned them will at- insisted that he had not been summontend but also all those who care to ed by the state department to report matter further.

> Oscar Alexander, a young white man, has been committed to jail in Anderson on the charge of bigamy.